



Cycle Advancements for Rugged Terrain (CART)

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Project Background

- In developing countries, small motorcycles are a common form of transportation.
- These motorcycles are often dangerously overloaded with people and goods, creating danger for riders and pedestrians.



Project Background

- We have made a universal motorcycle hitch.
- This hitch increases safety and utility when transporting goods and people.



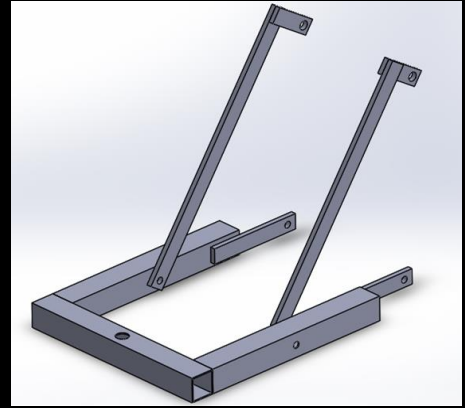
Specifications

- Create a design which:
 - Local craftsmen can manufacture
 - The materials used are readily available
- The hitch should:
 - Haul a trailer and a load of 200-300 pounds safely
 - Not fail after extended use



Previous Progress

- Last year, the CART team:
 - Created a prototype hitch
 - Performed test rides with hitch and trailer
 - Hitch performed very well



This Year's Goals

- This year, the CART team aimed to:
 - Develop strategies to run tests on the hitch
 - Determine whether or not the hitch would fail after extended usage



Methodology

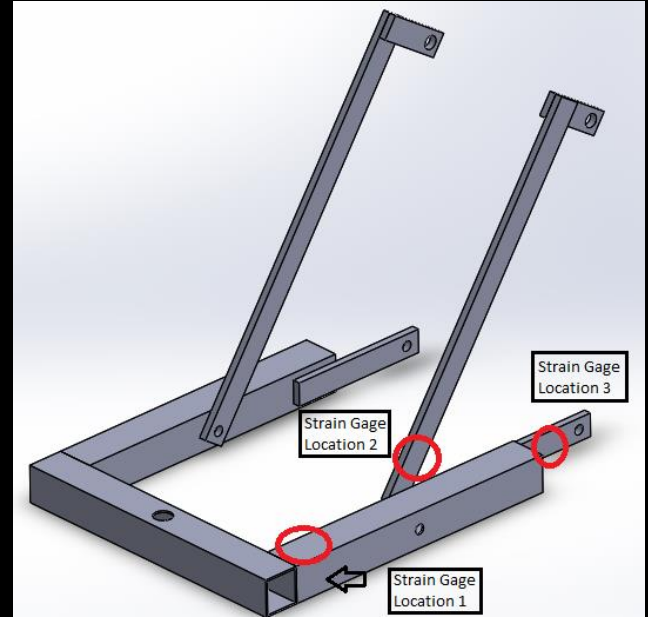
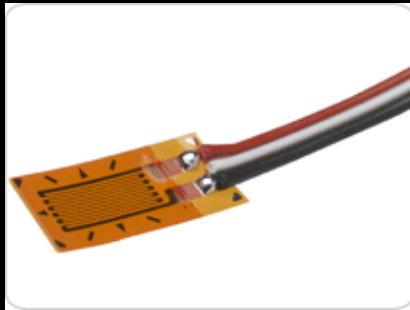
- Options for determining the lifespan of the hitch:
 - Pull the trailer with 200 lbs on it until the hitch on the motorcycle fails
 - Create a testing rig to count how many cycles until the hitch fails
 - Perform various tests with strain gages and calculate the fatigue life

Methodology

- Options for determining the lifespan of the hitch:
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Strain Gages

- Strain gages are used to measure deformation
- Gages were installed on three different locations of the hitch



Types of Tests Completed

- Impact Test
 - Dropping a weight on the trailer to gather strains during large impact
- Simulation test
 - To simulate strains that would commonly occur during normal operation

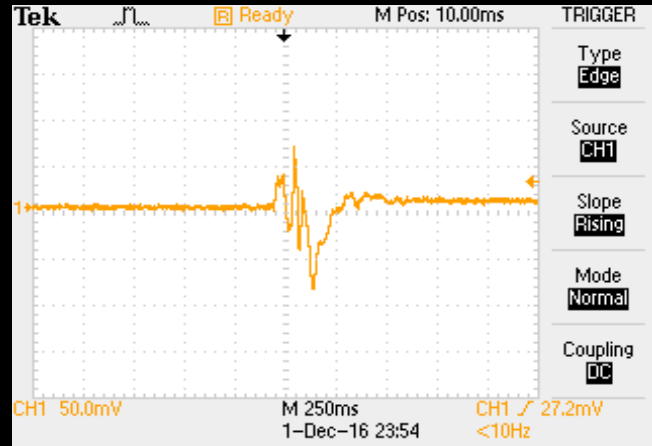
Impact Testing Procedure

- Dropping suspended weights onto trailer
- We found that 6 inches was the optimal height
- This test simulates a “worst case” scenario that the hitch would see

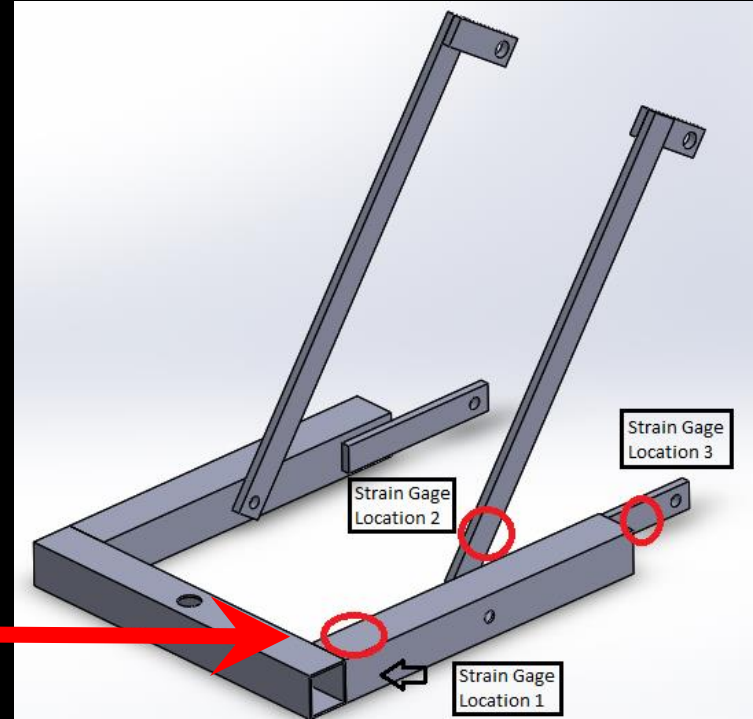


Impact Testing Results

Below is a sample of the impact testing data



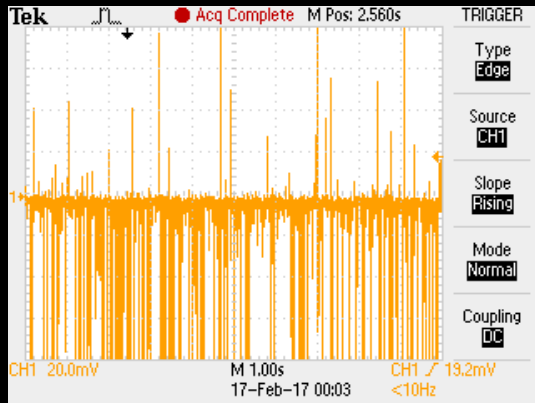
Sample strain data from strain gage



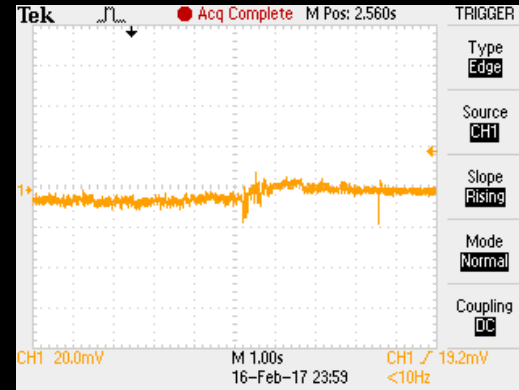
Simulated Field Testing

- We discovered that when the bike was running it was interfering with the data
- For this reason we had to push the bike over the bump so we would get good data

motor on



motor off



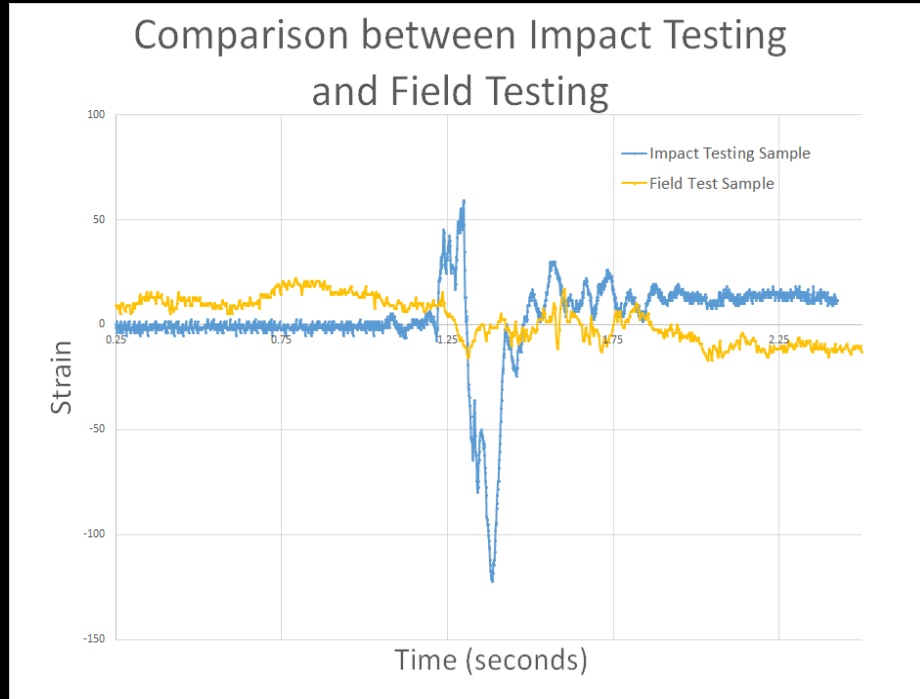
Simulated Field Testing

- Our goal for this test was to gather strain data which represented normal operating conditions.
- This was done by recording the strain which occurred when the trailer ran over a bump
- The procedure consisted of running the trailer over a 2 inch block of wood at an approximate speed of 5 mph



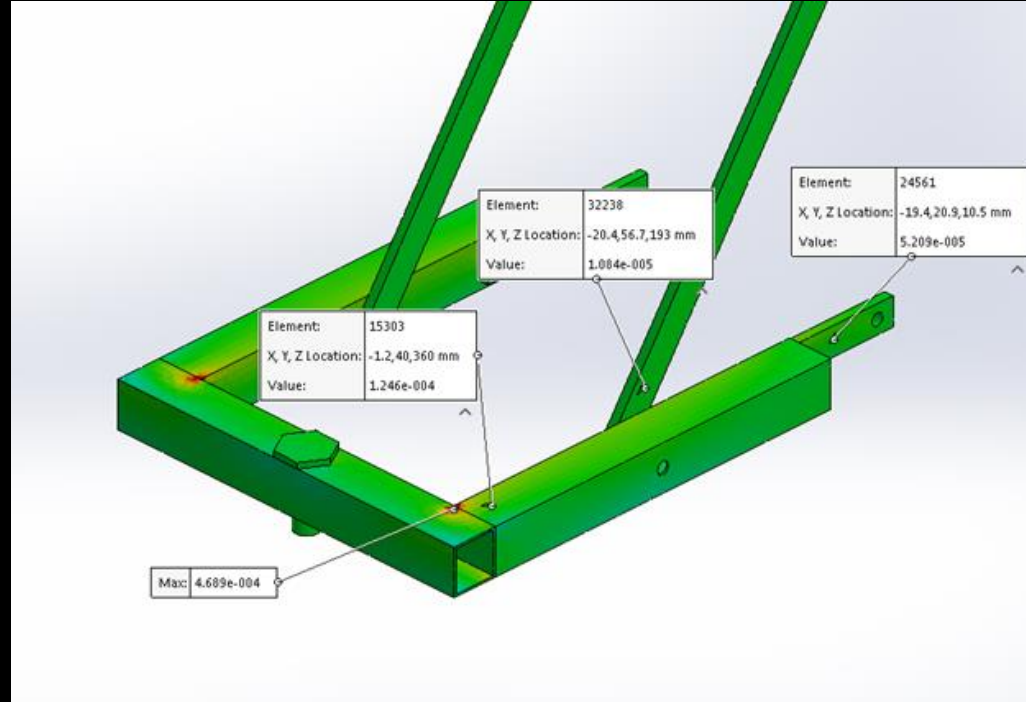
Field Testing vs. Impact Testing

- Field testing produced very small strain values compared to impact testing.
- Impact testing simulated a worst-case scenario, so we chose to use this data instead of field testing data.



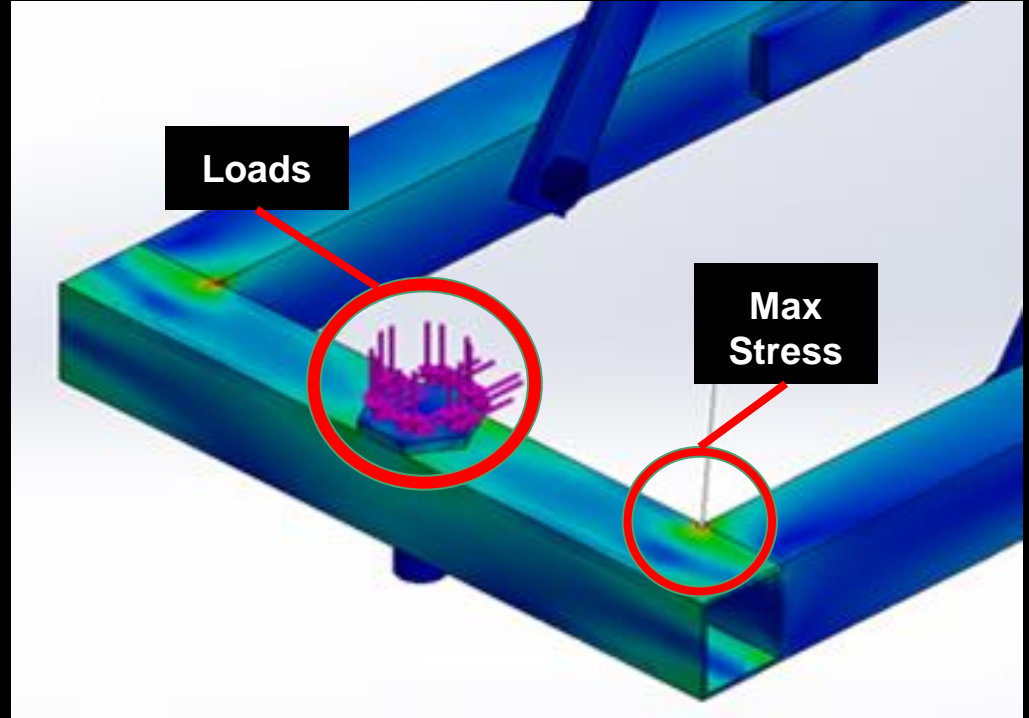
SolidWorks Analysis

- SolidWorks finite element model created.
- Loads found by matching each strain gage to impact strain data.
- This allowed us to solve for loads.

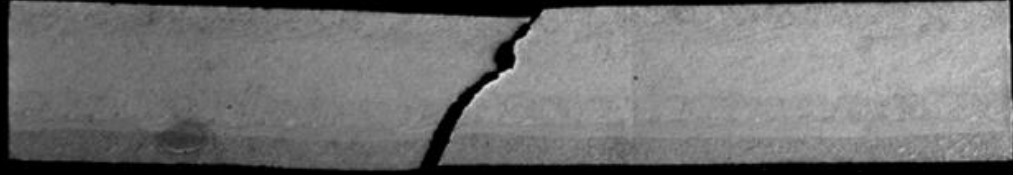


SolidWorks Analysis

- Loads were used and simulation was run.
- The point of maximum stress was found.



Fatigue Analysis



- What is Fatigue?
 - Fatigue occurs when a part is loaded repeatedly over a period of time.
 - It eventually causes a part to break if enough time passes.
 - With fatigue analysis, we can calculate how long a part will last with known stresses.

Fatigue Analysis

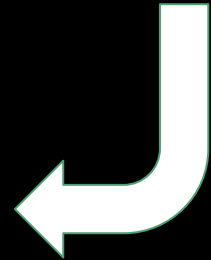
Impact strain data used to find loads in SolidWorks



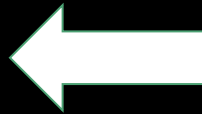
With known loads, maximum stress found in SolidWorks



Maximum stress plugged into Efatigue



Efatigue calculates the fatigue life



Fatigue life tells us if hitch is durable enough

Fatigue Analysis Results

- Our hitch will last forever.
- Our hitch design can safely be built and used in developing countries.



Conclusion

- We have proven that our hitch design is sufficient for real-world use.
- Our design is safe for even the worst-case conditions.

Future Work

- We hope to distribute our designs for field testing in Burkina Faso.
- Our next step is to create a trailer design that is optimized for use with our hitch.

Acknowledgements

- Thanks to all who have helped with this project:
 - Dr. Van Dyke
 - Dr. Pratt
 - Paul Meyers
 - John Meyer

Questions?

Tensile Testing

- Tensile testing was performed to check the calibration of our strain gages.
- Strain calculated from strain gages was compared to hand calculations and results matched.

