

# Design of an Aeroponic System for Burkina Faso

Erin Sharkey & Georgia Ernst

April 28th, 2017

1:00 PM



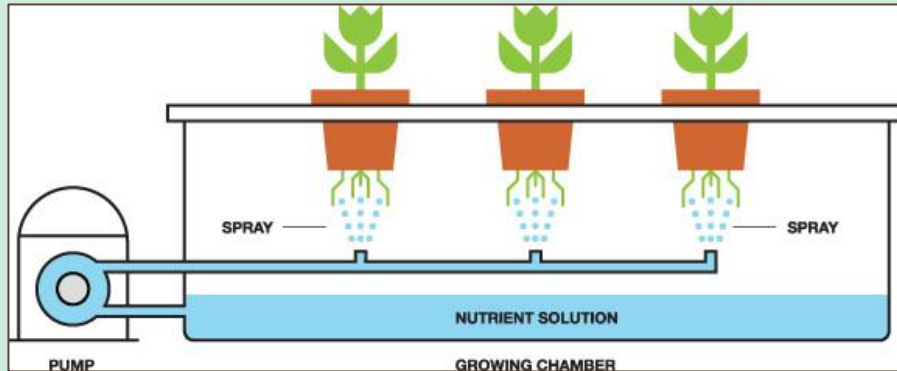
# Mission Statement

We believe that all people deserve access to fresh foods and proper nutrition, and that sustainable agriculture is the best way to improve food access world-wide.



# What is Aeroponics?

- Aeroponic systems use less than 10% of the water and footprint used in traditional growing.
- Aeroponics allows for an extended growing season.



**AERO**   
rethinking growth

# Client

**Open Door Development  
Matt Walsh  
Mahadaga, Burkina Faso**

Although Burkina Faso has good soil, lack of access to water during drought seasons creates a need for alternative growing methods.



# Specifications

## May 2017 Implementation:

- \$500 System Budget
- Solar Powered
- (Mostly) Manufacturable in-country

## Future Implementations:

- Minimize Overall Cost
- Electricity-free
- Manufacturable in-country



# History of the Aeroponics Project

- Commercial Systems → Developing Contexts
- Individual Systems → Small Business Systems



# Concept

## Tower Body:

**A** - Tower

**B** - Trough and Cap Assembly

**C** - Tower End Cap

## Pumping System:

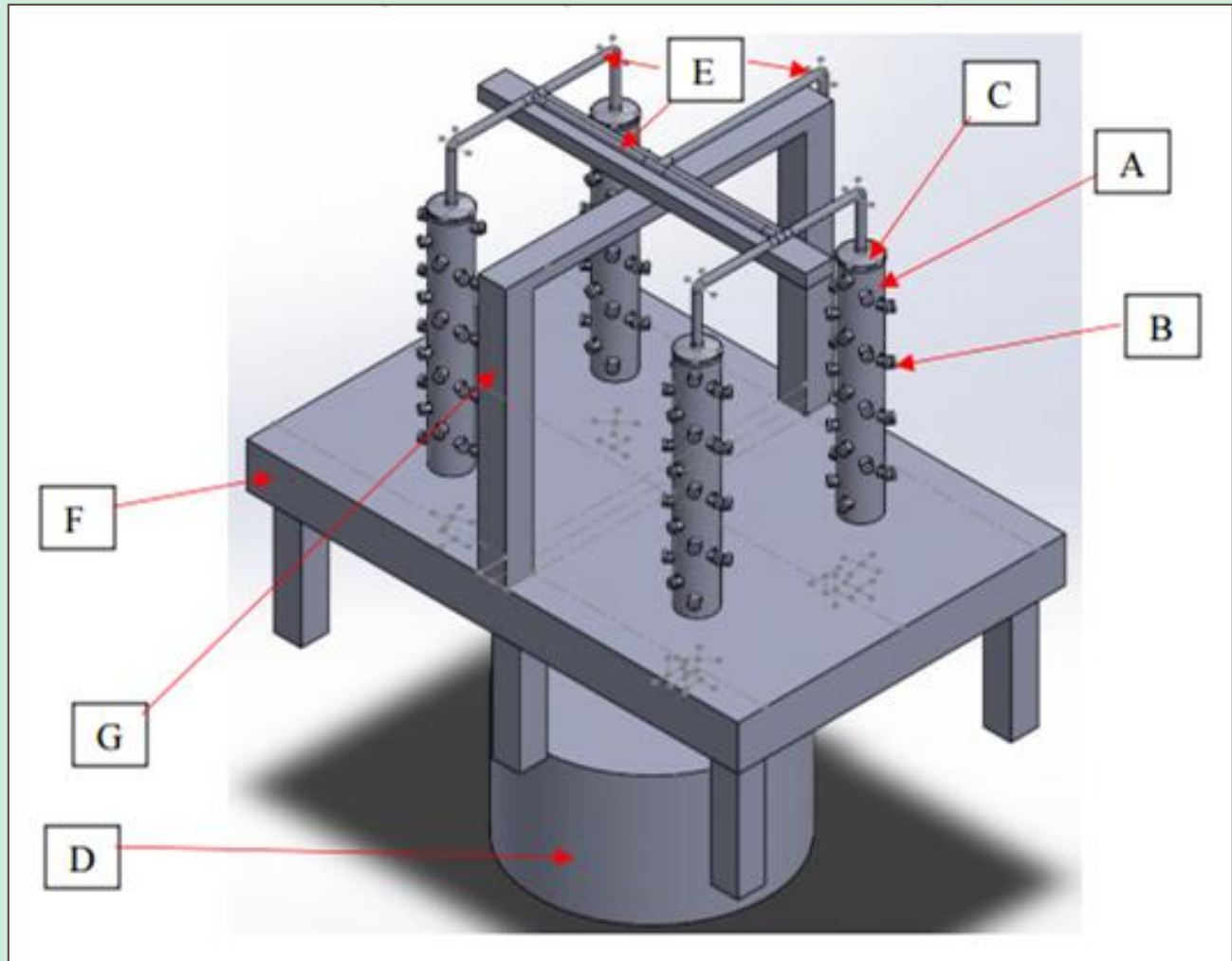
**D** - Reservoir (contains pump)

**E** - Assorted Piping

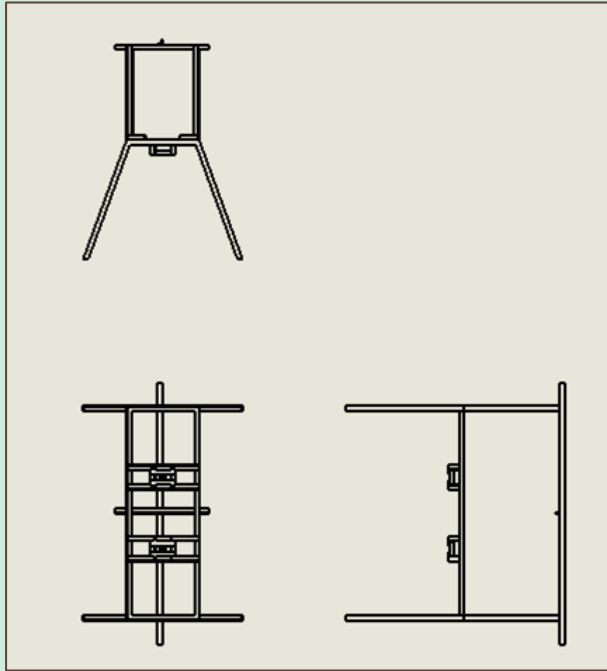
## Superstructure:

**F** - Primary Portion of Superstructure

**G** - Secondary Portion of Superstructure



# Concept Adjustment





# Goals of Project in 2017

Implement a two tower system in Burkina Faso during **May 2017**

- Fabricate one complete prototype
- Finish a pattern template to assist in drilling
- Create a quantitative testing procedure for the nutrient source
- Prepare for site team visit

Answer the following questions:

- Is the cost of the total system feasible for our current clients?
- Is it possible to provide all nutrients through a non-chemical source?

# Analysis of a Growth Cycle

Commercial versus Modified Aeroponic Tower Growth:

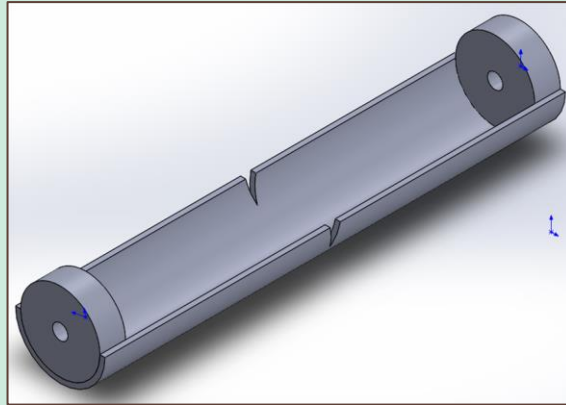
- Same nutrient source
- No access to a greenhouse
- Poor growing environment
- Low success rate of plant growth



# Current Trough Design

Revisit current trough design

- Pooling
- Too small for enclosure and security
- Design needs to retain moisture



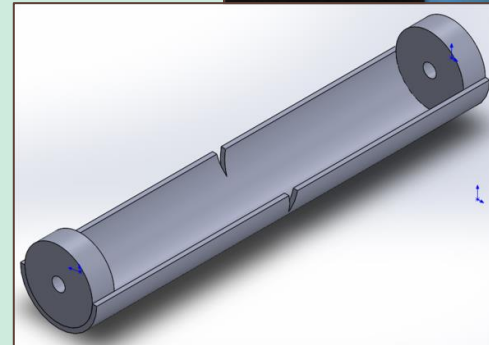
- Utilized 1 3/8" outer diameter [OD] drain pipe and experienced failure

# Design Alternatives

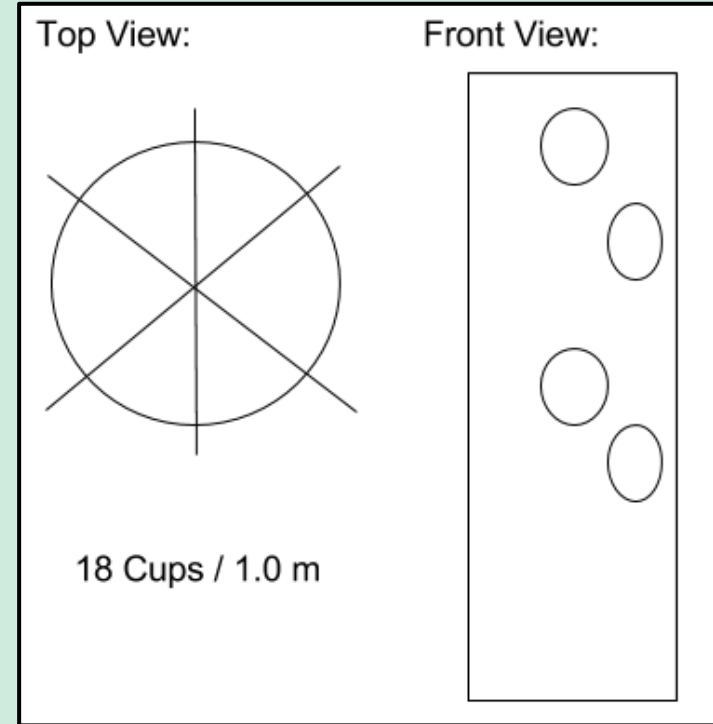
## Larger Troughs versus Angled Cups

- Larger troughs (2 3/8" od schedule 40 pipe)
- Angled cups (made from 2 3/8" od schedule 40 pipe)
  - Cut at 45 degrees to maximize product per unit of material

After flow testing and experimentation, both designs seem feasible for future systems.



# Tower Template Design



Six column spiral design allows for 18 plants per 1 meter tower.

# The Nutrient Source

## Macronutrients:

- Nitrogen (N)
- Phosphorus (P)
- Potassium (K)

## Possible Sources:

- Compost Tea
- Manure Tea
- Worm Casings
- Powdered Supplements



Image: Team member straining compost tea

# Quantitative Testing & Nutrient Sources

## *Procedure for On-Campus Testing*

- Created with help from Dr. Shaeffer of the Chemistry Department
- Utilizes a Spectroscope to create calibration curves
- Studies metals: Iron, Magnesium, etc.

## *Procedure for Burkina "Testing Kit"*

- Buret & titration based analysis
- Doesn't necessarily differentiate between nutrients available to plants and nutrients in solution.



# Implementation in Burkina Faso - May 2017

- Meeting client and community
- Metal structure assembled pre-arrival
- Powdered nutrients used in first implementation
- Soil testing and analysis





# Conclusion

- The spacing between plants has been finalized, and we have a template to use in Burkina Faso.
- After revisiting the trough design, we have a cup that both preserves water and does not overflow.
- We now have a nutrient testing method to be used on campus, and are in the process of working out a more portable test to bring to Burkina Faso.



# The Future of Aeroponics

- Visit & implement in Burkina Faso
- Continue testing and refining the nutrient source
- Refine the system & components based on results in Burkina Faso



# Acknowledgements

Professor Michelle Lockwood

Dr. David Vader

Prof. Erikson

Nick Noss

Andy Erikson

Erin Kelly

Matthew Brenneman

Landon Hacker

Karina Ayala

Rebecca Lauver

The Collaboratory's Staff &

The Messiah College Engineering Department

**Thank you all for your time and support!**

Questions?

